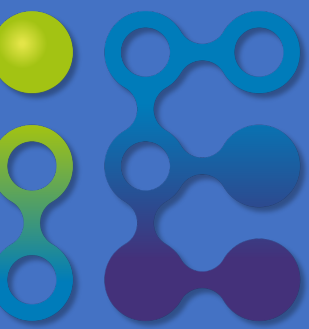




Goten: GPU-Outsourcing Trusted Execution of Neural Network Training

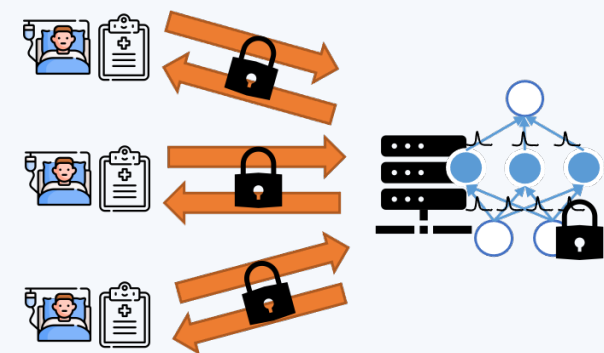


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Privacy of "Big" Training Data

- **Sensitive**
 - Medical Image analysis, Child Exploitation Imagery, etc.
 - Privacy laws & Regulations, e.g., GDPR
- **Massive**
 - Hardly any single entity's data is sufficient
- **Private Training**
 - No one learns anything about the **model & other's data**



Why Federated Learning is not enough?

- **Federated Learning:**
 - Each data contributor train DNN locally
 - They exchange the DNN's weight frequently
- **Problems:**
 - Every contributor can use the DNN
 - » No rate-limiting, even for non-agreed uses
 - Contributors may steal others' data
 - » Model Inversion Attack [Fredrikson *et al.*]
 - Noisy/Implicit data ⇒ Data privacy



Preliminary: TEE & GPU

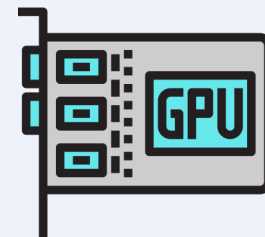
TEE: Trusted Execution Environment (e.g., SGX)

- 😊 protect the data's privacy inside
 - **even the machine owner** cannot read it
- 😊 processes data efficiently as plaintext on CPU
 - too **slow** for batched linear operations



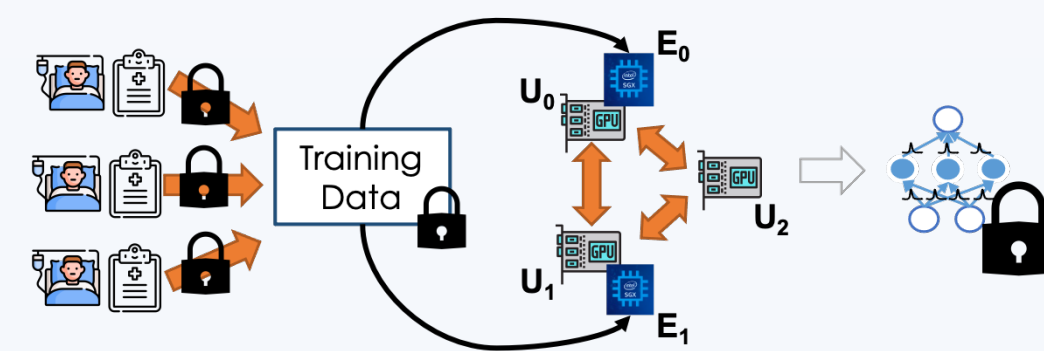
GPU: Graphics Processing Unit

- 😊 GPU can speed up the linear layers in DNNs
 - The **most time-consuming part** in DNNs
- 😞 GPU does not have TEE
 - lack of data privacy & model privacy!



Goten: GPU + TEE for Private Training

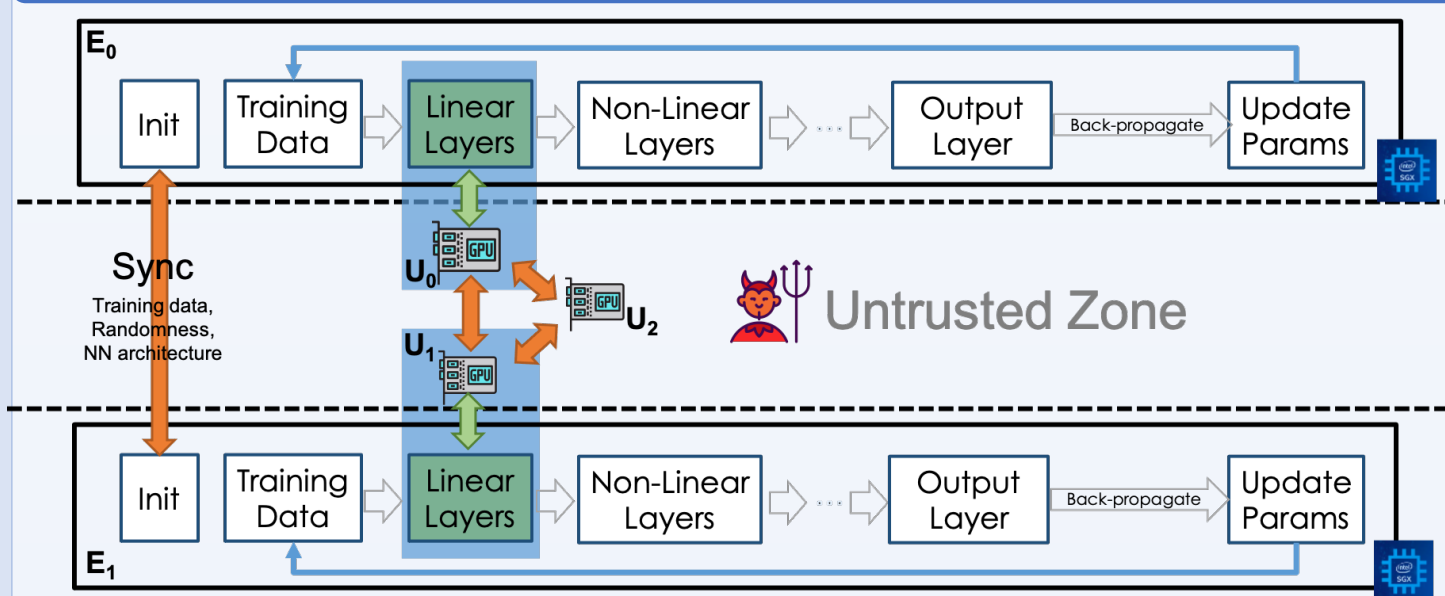
- Contributors send their data to SGX's TEE/enclaves
- **Securely** outsource linear-layer computation to GPUs
 - resided in with 3 non-colluding servers (**U₀**, **U₁**, **U₂**)
 - can reduce to 2 servers (at 1/2 of the throughput)
- Train (mostly) non-linear layers in SGX



Non-Colluding Servers in Goten

- Each server holds a secret-share of the model/data
- Individual share by itself is totally meaningless
- Candidates:
 - Some of the Data Contributors
 - Government: Hospital/Monetary authority
 - Independent & Competing Cloud Server Providers

GPU-Outsourcing Protocol for Linear Layers (Overview)



(Light-Weight) Crypto Tool: Additive Secret Shares (SS)

- $x = \langle x \rangle_0 + \langle x \rangle_1 \pmod q$
 - $\langle x \rangle_0$ and $\langle x \rangle_1$ is a pair of additive SSs for x
- Privacy ($\langle x \rangle_i$ has no information about x)
 - For each value of x , given $\langle x \rangle_i$, \exists corresponding $\langle x \rangle_{1-i}$
- (Efficient) Homomorphic operation:
 - $\langle x \rangle + \langle y \rangle = \langle x + y \rangle$
 - For brevity, we will omit $\pmod q$

GPU-Outsourcing Protocol for Linear Layers (Details)

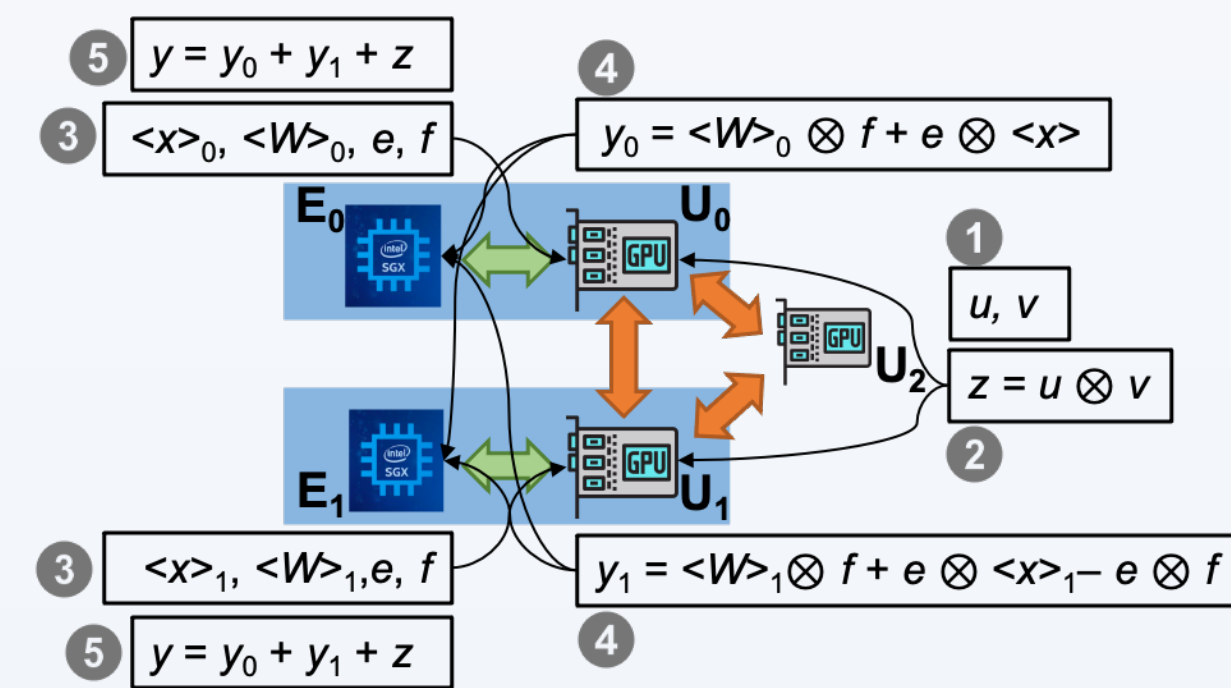
- Goal: Compute $y = W \otimes x$ (\otimes is the linear operation)
- Without leaking any (W, x, y) to (**U₀**, **U₁**, **U₂**)

```

1: U2 : u ← Rand(ru), v ← Rand(rv)
2: U2 → E0, E1 : z = u ⊗ v
   for i = 0, 1 (in parallel)
3: Ei → Ui : ⟨W⟩i ← Geni(rw, W), ⟨x⟩i ← Geni(rx, x),
   e = W - Rand(ru), f = x - Rand(rv)
4: Ui → E0, E1 : yi = ⟨W⟩i ⊗ f + e ⊗ ⟨x⟩i - i · e ⊗ f
   endfor
5: E0, E1 : y = z + y0 + y1

```

- Gen₀(r_x, x) and Gen₁(r_x, x) are generators for $\langle x \rangle_0$ and $\langle x \rangle_1$
- Rand(r) is a secure pseudo-random generator
- {r_u, r_v, r_x, r_w} are pre-agreed random seeds

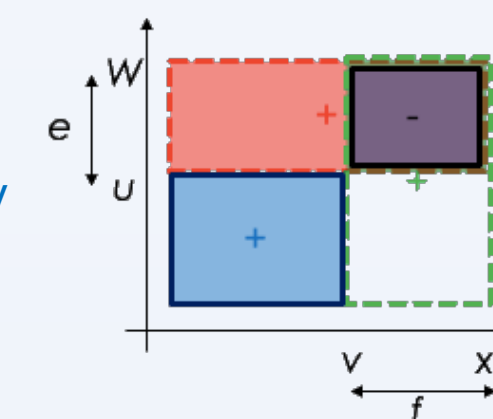


Correctness

$$\begin{aligned}
y &= y_0 + y_1 + z \\
&= \langle W \rangle_0 \otimes f + e \otimes \langle x \rangle_0 \\
&\quad + \langle W \rangle_1 \otimes f + e \otimes \langle x \rangle_1 - e \otimes f + u \otimes v \\
&= W \otimes f + e \otimes x - e \otimes f + u \otimes v \\
&= W \otimes x
\end{aligned}$$

Security

- What each non-colluding server sees:
 - **U₀**: $\langle W \rangle_0, \langle x \rangle_0, e, f$
 - **U₁**: $\langle W \rangle_1, \langle x \rangle_1, e, f$
 - **U₂**: u, v
- They are all secret shares or random tensors:
 - $\langle W \rangle_{0/1}$ and $\langle x \rangle_{0/1}$ are secret shares (by definition)
 - $e = (W - u)$ and $f = (x - v)$ are secret shares
 - u and v are random tensors



Performance on Training

CIFAR-10: Common Benchmark for Computer Vision

- Goten attains >89% accuracy in 34 hours
 - vs. Falcon's 5 weeks (accuracy not reported)
- 132× throughput speed up over Falcon
- Falcon [Sameer Wagh *et al.*]: State-of-the-Art Crypto Approach

Framework	GPU TEE	DNN Arch.	Throughput	Speedup
Falcon	✗ ✗	VGG-16	1482	132×
CaffeScore*	✗ ✓	VGG-11	28800	6.84×
Goten	✓ ✓	VGG-11	196733	-

[*] Our pure-TEE private training framework over Caffe & SCONE (Secure Container Environment)

Training for Invasive Ductal Carcinoma (IDC) Detection

- Showcase application involving sensitive training data
- IDC: The most common type of breast cancer
- Dataset: Images of women's breast tissue [Cruz-Roa *et al.*]

Accuracy	81%	82%	83%	84%	85%	86%
Speedup	8.53×	13.7×	4.27×	6.33×	3.42×	7.28×
Time (min)	1.25	1.56	13.1	16.9	31.2	46.8

- GPU: Nvidia V100 16GB
- CPU (w/ SGX): Intel i7-7700K
- Network: Google Cloud (8Gbps & <5ms latency)

Conclusion

- Best of Both Worlds: TEE & GPU
- Our Techniques:
 - Lightweight Crypto for GPU-Outsourcing
 - Dynamic Quantization for Weight Fluctuation during Training
- Future Work: GPU-Friendly Pure-Crypto Solution [Ng and Chow]
- Code: github.com/goten-team/Goten

References

- Matt Fredrikson, Somesh Jha, Thomas Ristenpart. *Model Inversion Attacks that Exploit Confidence Information and Basic Countermeasures*. CCS '15.
- Sameer Wagh, Shruti Tople, Fabrice Benhamouda, Eyal Kushilevitz, Prateek Mittal, and Tal Rabin. *Falcon: Honest-Majority Maliciously Secure Framework for Private Deep Learning*. PETS '21.
- Cruz-Roa *et al.* *Automatic Detection of Invasive Ductal Carcinoma in Whole Slide Images with Convolutional Neural Networks*. Medical Imaging: Digital Pathology '14.
- Lucien K. L. Ng, Sherman S. M. Chow. *GPU-Friendly Oblivious and Rapid Neural Network Inference*. Usenix Security '21.

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